1845. May 28 and June 28, Great fires at Quebec. Franklin started on his

last Arctic expedition.

1846. May 18, Kingston incorporated. June
15, Oregon Boundary Treaty. June 18, Draper-Papineau administration. First telegraph line, operated by the Toronto, Hamilton and Niagara Electro-Magnetic Telegraph Co., opened.

1847. May 29, Sherwood-Papineau administration. Nov. 25, Montreal-Lachine

Railway opened.

1848. Mar. 11, Lafontaine-Baldwin administration. May 30, Fredericton in-corporated. Responsible government granted to Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. St. Lawrence canals opened to navigation.

1849. April 25, Signing of the Rebellion
Losses Act; rioting in Montreal
and burning of the Parliament
Buildings. Nov. 14, Toronto made
the capital. Vancouver island granted to the Hudson's Bay Company. Population of Assiniboia, 5,391.

1851. April 6, Transfer of the postal system from the British to the Provincial Government; uniform rate of postage introduced. April 23, Postage stamps issued. Aug. 2, Incorporation of Trinity College, Toronto. Sept. 22, Quebec became the capital. Oct. 28, Hincks-Morin administration. Responsible government granted to Prince Edward Island. Population—Upper Canada, 952,004; Lower Canada, 890,261; New Brunswick, 193,800; Nova Scotia, 276,854. 1852. July 8, Great fire at Montreal. Dec. 8,

Laval University, Quebec, opened. The Grand Trunk Railway char-

1853. Opening of G.T.R. from Montreal to

Portland.

1854. June 5, Reciprocity Treaty with the United States. Sept. 11, MacNab-Morin Ministry. Seigneurial tenure in Lower Canada abolished. Secularization of the clergy reserves.

1855. Jan. 1, Incorporation of Ottawa. Jan. 27, MacNab-Taché adminis-tration. Mar. 9, Opening of the Niagara Railway suspension bridge. April 17, Incorporation of Charlottetown. Oct. 20, Government moved

to Toronto.

1856. The Legislative Council of Canada made elective. First meeting of the Legislature of Vancouver Island. May 24, Taché-J. A. Macdonald administration. Oct. 27, Opening of the Grand Trank Pailway from the Grand Trunk Railway from Montreal to Toronto. Population of Assiniboia, 6,691. 1857. Nov. 26, J. A. Macdonald-Cartier administration. Dec. 31, Ottawa

chosen by Queen Victoria as future

capital of Canada.

1858. February, Discovery of gold in Fraser River valley. July 1, Introduction of Canadian decimal currency. Aug. 2, Brown-Dorion administration. Aug. 5, Completion of the Atlantic cable; first message sent. Aug. 6, Cartier-J. A. Macdonald administration. Aug. 20, Colony of British Columbia established. Control of Vancouver island surrendered by the Hudson's Bay Company.

1859. January, issued. Canadian silver coinage Sept. 24, Government

moved to Quebec.

1860. Aug. 8, The Prince of Wales (King Edward VII) arrived at Quebec. Sept. 1, Laying of the corner stone of the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa by the Prince of Wales. Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, founded.

1861. Aug. 14, Great flood at Montreal. Sept. 10, Meeting of the first Anglican provincial synod. Population— Upper Canada, 1,396,091; Lower Canada, 1,111,566; New Brunswick, 252,047; Nova Scotia, 330,857; Prince Edward Island, 80,857.

1862. May 24, Sandfield Macdonald-Sicotte administration. Aug. 2, Victoria,

B.C., incorporated.

1863. May 16, Sandfield Macdonald-Dorion

administration.

1864. Mar. 30, Taché-J. A. Macdonald administration. Conferences on confederation of British North America; Sept. 1, at Charlottetown; Oct. 10-29, at Quebec. Oct. 19, Raid of American Confederates from Canada at St. Albans, Vermont.

1865. Feb. 3, The Canadian Legislature resolved on an address to the Queen praying for union of the provinces of British North America. Aug. 7, Belleau-J. A. Macdonald administration. Oct. 20, Proclamation fixing the seat of government at

Ottawa.

1866. Mar. 17, Termination of the Reciprocity Treaty by the United States. May 31, Raid of Fenians from the United States into Canada; they were defeated at Ridgeway (June 2) and retreated across the border (June 3). June 8, First meeting at Ottawa of the Canadian Legislature. Nov. 17, Proclamation of the union of Vancouver Island with British Columbia.

1867. Mar. 29, Royal assent given to the British North America Act. July 1, The Act came into force; Union of the provinces of Canada, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick as the Dominion of Canada; Upper and Lower Canada made separate provinces as Ontario and Quebec;
Viscount Monck first Governor
General; Sir John A. Macdonald,
Premier. Nov. 6, Meeting of the
first Dominion Parliament.

1868. April 7, Murder of D'Arcy McGee at
Ottawa. July 31, The Rupert's
Land Act authorized the acquisition

Land Act authorized the acquisition by the Dominion of the Northwest

Territories.